ODISHA POWER GENERATION CORPORATION LTD.

(A Government Company of the State of Odisha) CIN: U401040R1984SG001429

Ib Thermal Power Station

Banharpali, Dist.: Jharsuguda, Odisha - 768 234, India Plant Manager : (+916645) 289266, Fax: (+916645) 222-230 Factory Manager : (+916645) 222224, Fax: (+916645) 222-230 OPGC
Power For Progress

Letter No. ITPS/2479/WE April 20, 2020

The Director*
Ministry of Environment Forests & Climate Change
Eastern Regional Office
A/3, Chandrasekharpur,
Bhubaneswar – 751023

Dear Sir,

Sub.: Submission of annual implementation report of Ash for the period from 01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020 for Ib Thermal Power Station (2X 210 ITPS), of Odisha Power Generation Corporation.

Ref.: Fly ash Notification S.O. 763(E) Dated 14th September 1999

This has reference to the captioned subject and the cited reference. Please find here the annual implementation report of ash for 2 X 210 MW ITPS of M/s Odisha Power Generation Corporation, Jharsuguda for the period from 01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020 in dully filled in prescribed format.

Hope the above is in line with your requirement.

Thanking you,

Yours Sincerely,

Sukanta Mohapatra
Director Operation (I/C)

Encl.: Annual Implementation Report of Ash

Copies to: 1. The Member Secretary, State Pollution Control Board, Bhubaneswar, Odisha 2. The Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi

Corporate Office : Zone-A, 7th Floor, Fortune Tower Chandrasekharpur, Bhubaneswar - 751023, Odisha

Ph: 0674-2303765-66, Fax: 0674-2303755

website: www. opgc.co.in





Fly ash Notification S.O. 763(E) Dated 14^{th} September 1999 - Statutory compliance report for the period from 01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020

S. No.	Item	Reply			
1	Name of the Thermal Power station	Ib Thermal Power Station (2X210 MW) of Odisha Power Generation Corporation			
2	Full address including Pin code	At: Banharpali Post: Banharpali			
3	E Mail address	Jharsuguda-786 234, Odisha Umakant.pahi@opgc.co.in			
4	Name of the Nodal officer dealing with ash management with designation (not below DGM rank)	Umakant Pahi Head-EHS			
5	Telephone No	06645-289258			
6	Fax No	06645-222230			
7	Capacity of the Thermal Power station	420 MW			
8	Details of the Number of units and capacity of each unit	Units: 2 Nos Capacity: 210 MW each			
9	Coal/ Lignite consumption in 2019- 2020 (million tonnes)	2.294			
A. Ash	Generation in 2019-2020(in tonnes)				
10	Bottom Ash	187838			
11	Fly ash	751363			
	Total A	939201			
B. Ash	B. Ash Unutilized (in tonnes)				
12	Ash pond disposal	314606			
13	Ash Yard	0			
14	Ash Dump	0			
	Total B (12 to 14)	314606			

C. A	C. Ash Utilization in 2019-2020 (in tonnes)						
	Purpose for	Target	Actual				
	which ash is	(as per	From	From Pond Ash	Fro	Total	
	utilized	action	ESP		m		
		plan)	Dry		Bott		
			Ash		om		
					Ash		
15	Ash pond dyke		-	-	-	-	
	rising						
16*	Cement		-	-	-	-	
	Industry	-					
17	Land fill		15000	450510	-	600510	
			0				
18	Own Brick unit	-	819	-	-	819	
19*	Outside brick	-	11162	-		11162	
	units other than						

	brick kilns					
20*	Brick kilns	-	-	-	-	-
21	Own ash based	-	-	-	-	-
	products (other					
	than bricks)					
22	Ash based	-	-	-	-	-
	products (out					
	side)					
23*	Road and	-	60	2660	-	2720
	Flyover					
	embankments					
24*	Back filling of	-	-	-	-	-
	mines					
25	Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-
26	Ready mix	-	-	-	-	-
	concrete					
27	Asbestos	-	9300	-	-	9300
28*	Exports	-	-	-	-	-
29	Other (Please	-	-	84	-	84
	Specify)			(Cenosphere)		
	Total C	-	17134	453254	0	624595
	(15 - 29)		1			

D. Reasons for variation from the target –

- 1. Since the plant is situated in a remote location (pit head power plant located in rural area) there is very limited scope of ash utilization in brick manufacturing. More ever utilization in this particular area cannot exceed more than 2% to 3%.
- 2. Big stone quarry or low lands are not available in the locality.
- 3. Export of ash is not feasible since the site is located at a distance of 500 Km from the nearest port. Transportation from site to nearest port through rail or any other means is not feasible.
- 4. No scope available in major ash utilization area i.e. Cement Plant use for production of PPC cement. Only one cement plant is available in the vicinity i.e. M/s Ultratech Cement Ltd. M/s Ultratech off takes entire quantity of ash for cement manufacturing from its sister concern plant i.e. from M/s Aditya Aluminium (Lapanga).
- 6. Considering OPGC plant's location (Pit Head), mine void back filling of ash is the only means of utilization by which OPGC can achieve 100% ash utilization. The steps so far are as follows.
 - i. MCL has also been directed repeatedly by OPGC Chairman & Principal Secretary, Energy, Govt of Odisha, managing Director and Director (Operation) but no positive response has so far been received from MCL.
 - ii. In a meeting held on 24.01.2011 with Principal secretary Energy, Govt. of Odisha, CMD, MCL has given consent to give principal approval for back filling BOCM mind void but the same has not been done, so far.
 - iii. In response to the letter of Director (Operation), OPGC, dtd.24.08.2013 on the subject, Director (Tech. P&P), MCL neglected the request on the ground of BOCM expansion towards dip slide and no scope to back fill ash in running mine even though OPGC proposed for a partition bund to separate the void space from active mine for ash back filling.
 - iv. In a high-level meeting held on 13.12.2013 under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary, GoO, directions for allotment of BOCM mine void to OPGCL were issued to MCL on 03.04.2014 by Dept. of Environment & Forest, GoO. The said directions were for taking expeditious steps on this front. However, there has not been any progress as yet.
 - v. OPGC sources entire coal from MCL mines. Coal being supplied has high ash content i.e. from 40%-45%. The utilization of this huge quantity of ash has significant cost implication. Any relief on this matter (Like cost pass through in tariff) will be immensely helpful for companies like OPGC.

*However OPGC is still working on high priority to pursue MCL, involving Government & other agency to get newly allotted nearest mine void to fulfill this important regulatory obligation.

E. Efforts made by OPGCL to Maximise Utilisation of Fly-Ash:

- 1. OPGCL has installed its own Fly-Ash brick plant with production capacity of 10,000 bricks per day, and steps have been made for all the bricks that are produced being utilised in all the ongoing and upcoming construction activities of OPGC.
- **2.** Further, not only is OPGCL utilizing the Fly-Ash generated from its own Project in its own brick plant, OPGCL is also supplying Fly-Ash to 6 (six) ash brick plants, which are located in and around the site of OPGCL's Project.
- **3.** In order to further incentivise these brick plants to utilise the Fly-Ash from OPGCL's Project, OPGCL has extended a subsidy of Rs 150 per MT for use of Fly-Ash at its cost. However, ash utilization in brick manufacturing is limited to 2-3 % due to poor market demand.
- **4.** OPGCL has entered into an agreement with Visveswariya National Institute of Technology, Nagpur ("**VNIT**") to devise technological advancements for enhancing ash percentage up to 90% in production of bricks and for geopolymeric use of ash in road construction.
- **5.** OPGCL has been conducting various ash utilization awareness campaigns in the nearby community by way of street plays, distribution of pamphlets, etc.
- **6.** Strong initiatives have been taken to identify low lying area/ stone quarries in the vicinity. Publications have been made in local newspapers for execution of low land reclamation to supply ash free of cost to the owner for proper utilization of abandoned low land. OPGC now is in process of reclaiming 3 low lying areas of 6.17 acres, 1.28 acres & 1.12 acres for which consent has been taken from State Pollution Control Board, Odisha.
- 7. Action has been initiated to utilise ash in OPGC expansion project MGR line construction.
- **8.** Working to get mine voids allotment from MCL.
- **9.** OPGCL has ensured that Fly-Ash ash is utilised, instead of precious earth, in the construction of embankment for ash pond as well as raising of bund height for ash pond.
- 10. Considering OPGC plant's location (Pit Head), mine void back filling of ash is the only means of utilization by which OPGC can achieve 100% ash utilization. For this reason, OPGC has been continuously following up MCL for allotment of mine void, however the allotment of mine void has yet not been materialized. The steps taken so far are as follows.
 - i. There was progress on mine void allotment in the year 2006. With the support from Regional Office, MoEF and SPCB, MCL has consented to allot Lilari mine void to OPGC. Subsequently, in July 2007, MCL accorded consent for taking up EIA & Feasibility Study for back filling in the void based on which OPGC engaged CIMFR to conduct the studies in October 2007. During the course of the EIA study, the consent given to OPGC was withdrawn by MCL unilaterally vide their letter No MCL-3185/13.02.2008 stating "the life of Lilari Mine is extended with ten more years". Thereafter, OPGC has been pursuing MCL time and again involving regulatory as well as Govt. to reconsider the withdrawal or consider allotting any other mine void near to OPGC site but there has been no progress.
 - ii. State Pollution Control Board, Odisha made a proceeding on 05.06.2010 for back filling of OPGC ash in BMC mine void of MCL as alternative solution against allotment of Lilari mine void but no initiative has been taken so far from MCL side.

- iii. In response to the letter of Director (Operation), OPGC, dtd.24.08.2013 on the subject, Director (Tech. P&P), MCL neglected the request on the ground of BOCM expansion towards dip slide and no scope to back fill ash in running mine even though OPGC proposed for a partition bund to separate the void space from active mine for ash back filling.
- iv. In a high-level meeting held on 13.12.2013 under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary, GoO, directions for allotment of BOCM mine void to OPGCL were issued to MCL on 03.04.2014 by Dept. of Environment & Forest, GoO. The said directions were for taking expeditious steps on this front. However, there has not been any progress as yet.
- v. OPGC sources entire coal from MCL mines. Coal being supplied has high ash content i.e. from 40%-45%. The utilization of this huge quantity of ash has significant cost implication. Any relief on this matter (Like cost pass through in tariff) will be immensely helpful for companies like OPGC.
- 11. OPGCL has also awarded a consultancy order to Centre For Fly Ash Research & Management ("C-FARM") headed by Dr. Vimal Kumar (Former Mission Director & Head, Fly-Ash Unit, Department of Science and Technology, Government of India) for scientific and technical advice for obtaining "Consent for mine void filling with fly ash". C-FARM is continuously deliberating with MCL, as well as with Central Mine Planning and design institute, on behalf of OPGCL for allotment of mine void for stowing ash.
- 12. A task force has been created by committee comprising representatives from CEA, MoEF &CC, Ministry of Mines, CIL, CIMFR, CMPDIL, CPCB & NTPC. The task force has listed Rampur Colliery as one of the abandoned mines for backfilling of ash nearest to OPGC. In response to the letter of CEA for a feasibility report on mine void filling, OPGC has made a preliminary survey and has found that the Rampur underground mine is at a distance of around 25 Km from the plant and can accommodate ash generated from OPGC for a period of 5 years and it is also feasible for OPGC to dispose ash in the mentioned mine void. OPGC has also proposed the name of BOCM to Central Electricity Authority which can meet the ash utilization requirement of OPGC for atleast a period of 10 years. Once the mine void is made available, OPGC shall take rapid measures to start backfilling of the mentioned mines at the earliest.

F. Quantity in ash pond:

Estimated quantity of Pond ash in active ash pond (Pond in use) as on **31.03.2020** (million tonnes) 7.624 (Additional 1.019 million MT of ash has been disposed from Unit#3 & Unit#4) G. Ash Pond details Total area ear marked for ash pond Non forest area Forest area Total Nil Nil (ha) Nil Ash ponds already filled up and 32 Nil Nil Nil reclaimed (ha) Ash ponds already filled up but yet 33 98 98 Nil to be reclaimed (ha) 34 Ash ponds in use (ha) (Active ash Nil 107 107 ponds) Area earmarked for ash ponds but 35 Nil Nil Nil ash ponds yet to be constructed (ha)

H. Dry ash collection facilities							
36	Whether Mechanical hat facility for dry fly ash cavailable	ollection is	Yes				
37	If yes for how many un	its	To facilitate dry ash utilization at ITPS, 1 st & 2 nd field of both the Units (Unit#1 & Unit#2) has been retrofitted with dense phase dry ash collection system. Dry ash collection facility of 1100 MT capacity for utilization of dry fly ash in asbestos plant, ash brick/block & land reclamation is already in place.				
I. I	Dry fly ash storage.						
38	Daily ash generation (TPD)	Capacity of storage as on 31.03.2020 (tonnes)	Capacity proposed if any in 2020-21(tonnes)				
	2566 MT *Average of 2019-20	620 MT (Silo)	Not required now, since the present storage capacity is surplus to meet dry ash off-take				
J. C	apital Expenditure (Rs.	Lakhs)	demand.				
	Item	Expenditur 2019-20(Rs		Budgetary provision in 2020-21 (Rs. Lakhs)			
39	Mechanical dry fly ash collection facility	Nil Provisions of had been mayears and the	capital expenditures ade in the previous e dry ash collection lequate to meet the	Nil The dry ash collection facility is adequate to meet the present requirement.			
40	Dry fly ash storage		-do-				
<u>K. I</u>	Dispute settlement comn		T				
41	No. of meetings held in	2019-20		ere held reason for the same			
	Nil		During 2019-20 no such cases were brought into notice of the management.				
L. P	rovision regarding supp	oly to the bric	k kilns				
42	Whether the Thermal Pois maintaining month-woof ash made available to kiln	rise records o each brick	Yes, month wise records maintained.				
43	If yes, how many brick been supplied with fly a		1. Bhawani ash bricks 2. Talibahal ash bricks 3. Kirarama ash bricks 4. Best ash brick 5. BB ash bricks 6. ADCL ash bricks 7. OPGC ash bricks* *Own brick plant				

M.	Mode of Transport for ash (strikeou	ıt whichever not applic	able)			
44	Dry Ash	Through Closed Conta	iners/Bulkers co	overed with		
	-	Tarpaulin				
45	Wet Ash	Low Concentration Slurry Disposal through ash				
		pipelines (LCSD)				
N. P	romotional Measures					
		No. of meetings/	Amount	Outlay for		
		workshops exhibition	spent in	2020-21		
		held during 2019-	2019-20 (Rs.	(Rs. Lakhs)		
		2020	Lakhs)			
46	Exhibitions	-	-	-		
47	Seminars for awareness creations	-	-	-		
	amongst farmers for use of ash in					
	agriculture.					
48	Workshops	-	-	2		
49	Advertisement in News Papers	-	-	1		
50	Advertisement in TV	-	-	-		
51	Advertisement in Radio	-	-	-		
52	Others (Please specify)	-	-	-		
	Total N (46 to 52)					
				3		
О.	Administrative measures taken					
S.N	Administrative measures	Outcome				
53	Meeting with brick manufacturers	Better coordination &		0		
		the manufacturer as a part of awareness process.				
54	Meeting with State	i. Appraising the area of improvement, constraints accordingly for getting support during review				
	Government/agencies					
		meeting with OSPCB & high level Ash Utilization				
		Committee.				
		ii.OPGCL has also awarded a consultancy order to				
		Centre For Fly Ash Research & Management ("C-				
		FARM") headed by Dr. Vimal Kumar (Former				
		Mission Director & Head, Fly-Ash Unit, Department				
		of Science and Technology, Government of India) for				
		scientific and technical advice for obtaining "Consent				
~ ~	(D)	for mine void filling with fly ash".				
55	Any other measure (Please specify)		-			



Prepared by: Parthasarathi Panda

Designation: Dy. Manager- Environment

Date: 20-04-2020

Signature of the CEO/General Manager/CE of the Thermal power station

Name: Sukanta Mohapatra Designation: GM O&M (I/C)

Date: 20.04.2020